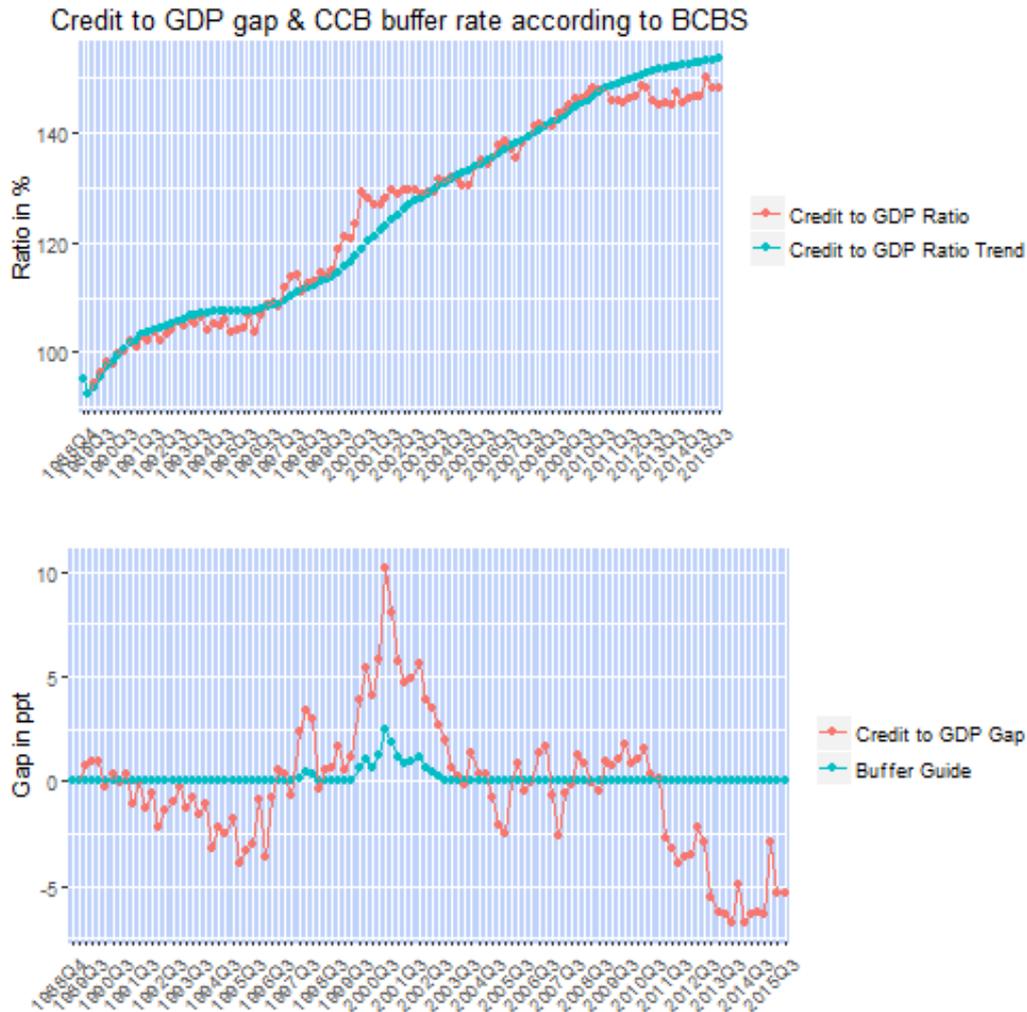


Indicators for the Countercyclical Capital Buffer

Figure 1: Credit-to-GDP gap



Explanation: The credit-to-GDP gap (red line, lower panel) is defined as the difference between the credit-to-GDP time series (red line, upper panel) and credit-to-GDP trend (turquoise line, upper panel). A positive gap indicates that the current credit-to-GDP value is higher than its trend. According to the BCBS methodology this is a sign of excessive credit growth.

Table 1: Assessment of cyclical risk

| Category | Selected Variables | Cyclical risk assessment | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|---|
| | | previous quarter | this quarter |
| Mispricing of risk | High yield bond spread, net interest margin |  |  |
| Strength of bank's balance sheets | Leverage Ratio (unconsolidated) Bank-Ratings (Moody's) |  |  |
| Credit developments | Cross-Border credit ratio, Credit-to-GDP gap |  |  |
| Overvaluation of property prices | OeNB's fundamentals indicator, price-to-income/rent ratio |  |  |
| Private sector debt burden | Household debt, debt burden of non- financial corporates |  |  |
| External imbalances | Current account balance (% of GDP) |  |  |

green: low
 yellow: medium
 red: high